# ESTIMATED TOTAL IMPACT OF TOURISM ON BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA 2020

FEBRUARY 18, 2021

DANIEL GUTTENTAG, PH.D.

MELINDA PATIENCE



66 GEORGE ST. | CHARLESTON, SC 29424-0001 | OTA.COFC.EDU

# Table of Contents

NTRODUCTION	
METHODOLOGY	
RESULTS	2
APPENDIX	6

### Introduction

This study estimates the economic impact generated by tourism to Beaufort County in the year 2020. It examines the impact of such tourism on the overall economy of Beaufort County, South Carolina, and takes into account the direct spending of the visitors along with the positive secondary effects of such expenditures. The analysis entailed individually estimating the economic impacts associated with three destination regions within the county – Beaufort, Bluffton, and Hilton Head Island – and then summing them together for an overall total.

This analysis was conducted by Dr. Daniel Guttentag and Melinda Patience of the Office of Tourism Analysis, which is part of the Hospitality and Tourism Management Department in the School of Business at the College of Charleston.

## Methodology

The economic impact estimations undertaken for this analysis involved various steps and diverse data. Initially, visitor volume estimates for each destination were produced using data on lodging demand, as provided by various third-party entities (e.g., STR and DestiMetrics), combined with visitor behavioral data that is collected via visitor profile surveying. The total number of visitors in each destination for 2020 can be observed in Table 1. These figures then were used to estimate the total direct visitor spending associated with each destination. Such spending estimates also relied upon visitor expenditure data collected as part of the previously mentioned visitor profile surveying,

which asks respondents about their spending in various categories (e.g., lodging and food). The list of expenditure categories, and the total estimated direct expenditure in each category for 2020, can be observed in Table 2.

The previously described data subsequently were used to determine average per-person expenditures. These figures were combined with the estimated visitor counts and used as inputs for a regional economic impact modelling tool, IMPLAN. IMPLAN is an input-output (IO) model that uses regionalized economic data and other information to determine economic output that accounts for direct expenditure and the secondary benefits of such expenditure (indirect and induced impacts). The model further estimates labor impacts and tax revenues.

**Table 1. Number of Beaufort County Visitors** 

Segment	Visitors
Beaufort	182,508
Bluffton	101,366
Hilton Head Island	2,607,801
Total Visitors	2,891,675

The following metrics, as estimated by the economic impact model, are covered within this report:

 Employment: The number of jobs in the region supported by the economic activity, which involves an industryspecific mix of full-time, part-time, and seasonal employment. Seasonal jobs are adjusted to annual equivalents.

	Beaufort	Bluffton	Hilton Head	Total
Transportation	-	-	\$45,750,557	\$45,750,557
Lodging	\$17,318,317	\$9,618,694	\$491,974,689	\$518,911,700
Food - Dining	\$6,552,074	\$3,639,060	\$178,366,909	\$188,558,043
Food - Grocery	-	-	\$137,719,937	\$137,719,937
Shopping	\$5,817,706	\$3,231,188	\$109,510,744	\$118,559,638
Spas	-	-	\$5,320,836	\$5,320,836
Golf	_	-	\$41,778,412	\$41,778,412
Biking	-	-	\$15,307,103	\$15,307,103
Performance/Visual Arts	_	-	\$1,374,800	\$1,374,800
Festivals	-	-	\$1,250,500	\$1,250,500
Museums/Historical Tours	_	-	\$3,652,352	\$3,652,352
Boating/Sailing/Fishing	-	-	\$24,285,613	\$24,285,613
Nature-based Activities	_	-	\$8,408,114	\$8,408,114
Dolphin Tours	-	-	\$8,655,295	\$8,655,295
Tennis	-	-	\$1,535,216	\$1,535,216
Recreation	\$8,305,222	\$4,612,768	-	\$12,917,990
Other Expenses	-	-	\$38,262,430	\$38,262,430
Total Expenditure	\$37,993,320	\$21,101,710	\$1,113,153,507	\$1,172,248,537

Table 2. 2020 Estimated Total Spend by Spending Category

- Labor income: All forms of employment income, including employee compensation (wages and benefits) and proprietor income.
- Output: The total value of industry production, which for the service sector represents total sales, for the retail sector represents gross margins, and for the manufacturing sector represents sales minus inventory change.
- Direct: The initial effects to local industries that are directly receiving the expenditures of interest.
- Indirect: The secondary effects resulting from business-to-business purchases in the supply chain occurring throughout the region, as triggered by or in support of the direct expenditure activity.
- *Induced*: The ripple effects in the region resulting from household spending of

- income, after the removal of taxes, savings, and commuters.
- Taxes: These revenues take into account a variety of taxes including sales tax, property tax, and income tax. These figures do not account for tourism taxes, such as accommodation taxes.

#### Results

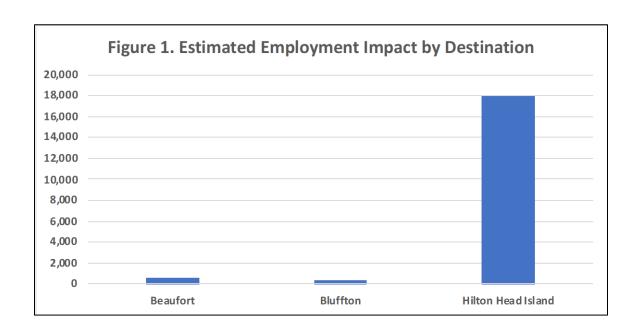
The year 2020 was a very unique time for the global hospitality and tourism sector, as it was defined by the COVID-19 pandemic that significantly curtailed tourism activity, particularly during the spring. In addition, the pandemic led to broader changes in consumer behavior, as people adjusted their behaviors in order to take precautions against the virus. Beaufort County was not immune from these impacts, which were substantial in the spring.

Nevertheless, Beaufort County rebounded quickly and fared well overall for the year, despite the uniquely challenging circumstances.

A total of 2.89 million visitors came to Beaufort County in 2020, down just 5.2% compared to 2019. The overall economic impact of this tourism for Beaufort County was \$1.45 billion, down 15.9% compared to 2019 (after adjusting the impact reported in 2019 from 2015 dollars to 2019 dollars). Beaufort County tourism also supported an estimated 18,766 jobs, which represents 16.1% of all jobs in Beaufort County, as per employment data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Impact estimates for each of the visitor segments are presented in the Appendix (Tables A1 – A4), and the employment impacts are presented in Figure 1. A total output multiplier for tourist spending was calculated using the model estimates. This multiplier represents the ratio of total

economic impact to direct spending. The estimated output multiplier for tourism on Beaufort County was **1.49**; this signifies that every dollar spent by tourists in Beaufort County increased output in the overall Beaufort County economy by a total of **\$1.49**.

The tourist expenditures generated an estimated \$14.99 million in tax revenues for local Beaufort County governments. The Town of Hilton Head Island earned an additional \$18.41 million in accommodations tax, hospitality tax, and beach preservation fees, as reported by the Town of Hilton Head Island Revenue Services. Together, this \$33.41 million in tax revenue represents a Return on Tax Investment (ROTI) of 16.38, based on the \$2.04 million that was spent on destination marketing in 2020. In other words, each dollar spent by the Visitor & Convention Bureau yielded an estimated return of \$16.38 in local tax revenue.



# **Appendix**

Table A1. Beaufort – Estimated Economic Impact on Beaufort County

	Employment	Labor Income	Output
Direct	435	\$12,246,467	\$34,893,904
Indirect	69	\$2,808,365	\$9,818,288
Induced	52	\$2,048,152	\$6,852,001
Total	Total 556 \$17,102,983		\$51,564,193
Estimated Local Tax Revenue			\$627,852

Table A2. Bluffton – Estimated Economic Impact on Beaufort County

	Employment	Labor Income	Output
Direct	242	\$6,801,758	\$19,380,276
Indirect	38	\$1,559,782	\$5,453,134
Induced	29	\$1,137,555	\$3,805,641
Total	309	\$9,499,096	\$28,639,051
Estimated Local Tax Revenue			\$348,713

Table A3. Hilton Head Island – Estimated Economic Impact on Beaufort County

	Employment	Labor Income	Output
Direct	14,546	\$375,389,256	\$920,655,594
Indirect	1,803	\$76,323,340	\$247,623,247
Induced	1,553	\$61,573,031	\$205,986,378
Total	Total 17,902 \$513,285,627		\$1,374,265,219
Estimated Local Tax Revenue			\$14,016,444

Table A4. Total, All Destinations – Estimated Economic Impact on Beaufort County

	Employment	Labor Income	Output
Direct	15,224	\$394,437,481	\$974,929,774
Indirect	1,909	\$80,691,487	\$262,894,669
Induced	1,633	\$64,758,738	\$216,644,020
Total	18,766	\$539,887,706	\$1,454,468,463
Estimated Local T	\$14,993,009		
Local Tourism Tax Revenue (ATax, HTax, and Beach Preservation Fees)			\$18,413,823
Total Estimated Local Tax Revenue			\$33,406,832

Table A5. Top 50 Industries Impacted by Beaufort County Tourism

	Industry	Output
1	Non-hotel accommodations	\$395,050,556
2	Full-service restaurants	\$188,985,174
3	Hotels and motels, including casino hotels	\$99,996,922
4	Other real estate	\$72,434,408
5	Miscellaneous store retailers	\$63,328,954
6	Fitness and recreational sports centers	\$64,232,271
7	Food and beverage stores	\$50,283,919
8	Transit and ground passenger transportation	\$45,366,720
9	Owner-occupied dwellings	\$35,028,726
10	Management of companies and enterprises	\$24,643,219
11	Water transportation	\$24,013,082
12	All other food and drinking places	\$17,128,628
13	Scenic and sightseeing transportation and support activities for transportation	\$14,616,620
14	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	\$14,116,274
15	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	\$12,021,338
16	Offices of physicians	\$11,231,517
17	Other local government enterprises	\$9,977,853
18	Services to buildings	\$9,404,679
19	Legal services	\$9,342,416
20	Insurance agencies, brokerages, and related activities	\$8,893,704
21	Limited-service restaurants	\$8,309,323
22	Employment services	\$7,409,370
23	Maintenance and repair construction of nonresidential structures	\$6,976,827
24	Personal care services	\$6,298,809
25	Other financial investment activities	\$6,371,224
26	Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage	\$5,754,005
27	Management consulting services	\$5,812,954
28	Advertising, public relations, and related services	\$5,703,716
29	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	\$5,345,246
30	Tenant-occupied housing	\$5,242,382
31	Postal service	\$5,152,981
32	Nondepository credit intermediation and related activities	\$5,132,469
33	General merchandise stores	\$5,137,588
34	Landscape and horticultural services	\$4,723,731
35	Automotive repair and maintenance, except car washes	\$4,472,650
36	Radio and television broadcasting	\$4,407,471
37	Nonstore retailers	\$4,228,218
38	Hospitals	\$3,895,251
39	Electric power transmission and distribution	\$3,640,313
40	Waste management and remediation services	\$3,229,903

## Impact of Tourism on Beaufort County, 2020

	Industry	Output
41	Nursing and community care facilities	\$3,159,445
42	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	\$3,046,409
43	Car washes	\$2,931,415
44	Building material and garden equipment and supplies stores	\$2,861,809
45	Offices of dentists	\$2,833,169
46	Wireless telecommunications carriers (except satellite)	\$2,787,386
47	Computer systems design services	\$2,621,436
48	Other nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	\$2,626,441
49	Fossil fuel	\$2,660,544
50	Other amusement and recreation industries	\$2,575,134