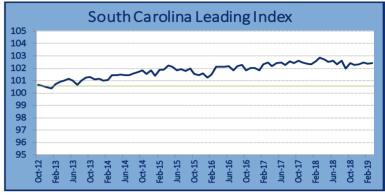


ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The South Carolina Leading Index (SCLI) climbed 0.05 points last month, ending with a value of 102.41.

Most SCLI metrics improved in March. Unemployment claims were down 6.9 percent. Average weekly manufacturing hours rose 0.7 percent. The Dow Jones Composite Average fell 0.4 percent. And though the number of issued housing permits decreased by 2.9 percent month-overmonth, valuation for the permits rose 0.2 percent.



Source: S.C. Department of Commerce

The Conference Board's national Leading Economic Index rose 0.4 percent in March to 111.9. Growth is expected in early 2019, as index readings over 100 forecast expansion of the economy, though the current trend points to a gradual deceleration.

- Brandon Wilkerson

KEY S.C. INDICATORS Employment Income Nonfarm Employment Available Online Job Postings State Personal Income increased by 12,900 net nondecreased by 1,300 positions in increased to \$220.9 billion in -1.9% +0.6% March to a seasonally-adjusted seasonally adjusted jobs from the 4th quarter of 2018. the prior month. 68,700 job postings. The Conference Board Help Wanted Online Index S.C. Stock Index **Labor Force Unemployment Rate** fell 6.97 points in March, closing at increased by 8,629 to remained at 3.2 percent, 0.0% +0.4% 158.32 for the month. 2,350,494, seasonallyseasonally-adjusted, in Mar. adjusted, in March. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Bloomhera **Manufacturing Weekly Hours Real Estate** rose 0.3 hours from the prior month to 43.1 **+0.7%** hours in March. **Median Home Sales Price** U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics rose \$9,000 from the prior month to \$207.000 for March. South Carolina Association of Realtors **About S.C. Commerce's Research Division Residential Building Permits** fell by 81 permits from the prior -2.9% month to 2,734 in March. U.S. Census Bureau

Those who wish to receive S.C. Commerce's monthly Economic Outlook can e-mail bwilkerson@SCcommerce.com.

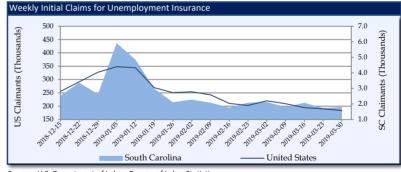
South Carolina's total non-seasonally adjusted, nonfarm employment rose by 12,900 net jobs to 2,163,300 in March, a 0.6 percent increase from revised February numbers and 2.4 percent higher than one year ago. Job gains were spread across multiple sectors for the month, with Leisure and Hospitality (+8,600) leading the way. Net gains in other sectors included Trade, Transportion, and Utilities (+2,900); Government (+1,400); Educational and Health Services (+1,300); Manufacturing (+1,200); Other Services (+1,100); and Natural Resources and Mining (+200). Net losses occurred in the Professional and Business Services (-2,500); Construction (-1,000); and Finance (-300) sectors. The Information sector was unchanged from the prior month. Compared to one year ago, the state economy added 50,100 nonfarm jobs.

Industry Sector	March 2019	Previous Month	Previous Year	% Change Month Ago	% Change Year Ago
Goods Producing	359,400	359,000	347,700	0.11%	3.36%
Natural Resources and Mining	4,600	4,400	4,400	4.55%	4.55%
Construction	99,500	100,500	101,200	-1.00%	-1.68%
Manufacturing	255,300	254,100	242,100	0.47%	5.45%
Service Providing	1,803,900	1,791,400	1,765,500	0.70%	2.18%
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	408,900	406,000	400,300	0.71%	2.15%
Information	27,700	27,700	27,700	0.00%	0.00%
Finance	103,100	103,400	100,800	-0.29%	2.28%
Professional and Business Services	291,100	293,600	277,700	-0.85%	4.83%
Educational and Health Services	259,100	257,800	251,900	0.50%	2.86%
Leisure and Hospitality	261,400	252,800	252,200	3.40%	3.65%
Other Services	77,100	76,000	78,500	1.45%	-1.78%
Total Private	1,787,800	1,776,300	1,742,300	0.65%	2.61%
Government	375,500	374,100	370,900	0.37%	1.24%
Total Nonfarm	2,163,300	2,150,400	2,113,200	0.60%	2.37%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Weekly Unemployment Claims

The average number of initial reported claims for unemployment insurance in the state decreased in March. The average for the month was 1,912 weekly initial claims, down 6.9 percent month-over-month, and down 1.8 percent compared to one year ago.



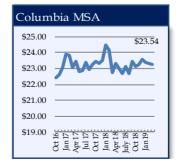
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Average Hourly Earnings

These charts present the average hourly earnings of all employees in private industry, based on a monthly national survey of businesses. The data are not seasonally adjusted.









Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Real Estate & Business Activity

In March, the number of building permits issued in South Carolina for new residential construction fell 2.9 percent to 2,734. This figure was 18.1 percent lower than one year ago. Valuation for the permits rose 0.2 percent month-over-month but was 23.9 percent lower than one year ago. Total closings rose 28.7 percent compared to February and the median sales price fell 4.5 percent. Foreclosure activity decreased 16.0 percent compared to March 2018. Among the top six MSAs, median sales prices were largely up. Total closings also mostly rose, some dramatically, with Columbia (+41.0 percent) and Spartanburg (+36.8 percent) reporting the largest bumps.

	Month	Current	Previous Year	% Change Year Ago	2019 YTD	2018 YTD	% Change YTD
Closings	March	7,502	7,686	-2.4%	18,358	18,465	-0.6%
Median Sales Price*	March	\$207.0	\$196.8	5.2%	\$202.0	\$194.0	4.1%
Foreclosures	March	1,706	2,031	-16.0%	4,603	5,467	-15.8%
Residential Building Permits -Total	March	2,734	3,337	-18.1%	9,032	8,756	3.2%
Residential Building Permits -Valuation*	March	\$591,308	\$777,204	-23.9%	\$1,870,950	\$2,090,068	-10.5%

^{*} Thousands of US dollars. Source: S.C. Association of Realtors. RealtyTrac. U.S. Census

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SC \$ (billions)



Source: U.S. Census

Retail Sales

500

480 460 440

420 400

380 360 nS

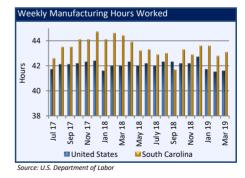
340 320 300





6.000 5,500 SC Jobs (thousands) (thousands) 5,000 4.500 4,000 Jobs 3,500 3,000 S 2.500 Apr 16
Aug 16
Dec 16
Apr 17
Aug 17
Dec 17
Apr 18 Apr 15 \ug 15 United States South Carolina

Jobs Available Online



Income and Output

Mar 18

Apr 18 May 18

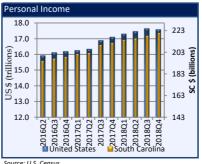
Source: South Carolina Department of Revenue



Aug 18 Sep 18 Oct 18 Nov 18 Dec 18

Jun 18 Jul 18

*Twenty-Foot Equivalent Units. Source: SC Ports Authority



Source: U.S. Census



Source: Foreign Trade Division, U.S. Census

Regional Updates

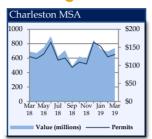
The South Carolina Regional Update provides a snapshot of the most recent economic figures for the six largest Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) in the state.

Home Sales

MSA	Indicator	Mar 18	Mar 19
Charleston	Sales Volume	1,826	1,649
	Median Price (000's)	\$255	\$270
Columbia		1.163	4 420
	Sales Volume	1,162	1,139
	Median Price (000's)	\$167	\$172
Florence	Sales Volume	207	178
		\$135	\$139
	Median Price (000's)	\$155	\$139
Greenville	Sales Volume	1,212	1,208
	Median Price (000's)	\$203	\$209
Myrtle Beach	Sales Volume	1,271	1,278
	Median Price (000's)	\$180	\$190
Spartanburg	Sales Volume	453	461
	Median Price (000's)	\$170	\$169
South Carolina	Sales Volume	7,686	7,502
		•	
	Median Price (000's)	\$196.8	\$207.0

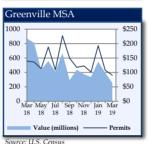
Source: S.C. Association of Realtors.

Building Permits













Employment

MSA	Indicator	Feb 19	Mar 19
Charleston	Employment (000's)	375.5	378.7
	Unemployment Rate	2.8	2.9
Columbia	Employment (000's)	388.4	391.1
	Unemployment Rate	3.0	3.1
Florence	Employment (000's)	94.0	94.4
	Unemployment Rate	3.6	3.6
Greenville	Employment (000's)	419.2	420.3
	Unemployment Rate	2.9	3.0
Myrtle Beach	Employment (000's)	187.2	193.7
	Unemployment Rate	5.0	4.5
Spartanburg	Employment (000's)	157.3	158.8
	Unemployment Rate	2.9	3.0
South Carolina	Employment (000's)	2,267.4	2,274.2
	Unemployment Rate	3.2	3.2

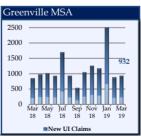
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (unadjusted MSA figures)

Unemployment Insurance Claims













Growth in Manufacturing Employment (February 2018 to February 2019)



Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, March 2019